## Variation D

Part I
Task1. Grammar
Read the sentence and choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

1. A: How often $\qquad$ they visit a museum?
B:
A. is/ A year
B. do/ Twice year
C. are / Two
D. do / Twice a year
E. does / Twice a year
2. Going by bicycle is not $\qquad$ going by train.
A. most comfortable
B. as comfortable as
C. comfortable of
D. as comfortable
E. more comfortable
3. A: What $\qquad$ your new friend $\qquad$
B: I think he's honest.
A. do / like
B. does / like
C. is / like
D. is / likes
E. does / likes
4. My father $\qquad$ to the radio when someone $\qquad$ on the door.
A. listening / knocked
B. listened / knocked
C. listens / knocks
D. was listening / knocked
E. is listening / knock
5. When you lived in the USA, you $\qquad$ to go to the theatre very often?
A. do / use
B. are / use
C. did / use
D. did /used
E. does / use
6. You don't know where my mum is, $\qquad$ .?
A. do you
B. don't you
C. are you
D. does he
E. doesn't he
7. If you .your passport, you should $\qquad$ it immediately.
A. lose / report
B. lost / have reported
C. lost / will report
D. had lost / would report
E. lose / will report
8. "Do you know what time the bank closes on Saturdays?" Maral asked Saraa.

Maral asked Saraa if she knew $\qquad$
A. what time does the bank close on Saturdays.
B. what time the bank closes on Saturdays.
C. what time did the bank close on Saturdays.
D. what time did the bank closed on Saturdays.
E. what time the bank closed on Saturdays.

## Task2. Vocabulary

## Choose the correct word to complete the sentence.

9. They were $\qquad$ when they found out their favorite band was coming to town.
A. excited
B. easy -going
C. friendly
D. furious
E. frustrated
10. He has received several $\qquad$ because of his academic and artistic ability.
A. resulting
B. talent
C. score
D. tuition fee
E. scholarships
11. I heard that my old friend was dismissed $\qquad$ his job yesterday.
A. about
B. from
C. to
D. of
E. on
12. You should see a(n) $\qquad$ and take some advice on your sight problems.
A. dentist
B. keeper
C. operator
D. optician
E. agent
13. He got a hole in one on the $17^{\text {th }}$ hole of the golf $\ldots \ldots$.....
A. alley
B. pitch
C. court
D. ring
E. course when you have finished using the internet, or your phone bill will be huge.
14. Don't forget to $\qquad$
B. create
C. install
A. plug in
E. $\log$ off

Task 3. Word formation
Choose the correct word to complete each sentence.
$/ 5 \times 2=10 /$
15. He's a $\qquad$ lawyer. Everyone in town knows him.
A. succeed
B. successful
C. success
D. succession
E. successor
16. The teacher should $\qquad$ the information so that everybody understands it.
A. simplify
B. simple
C. simplicity
D. simply
E. simplification
$\qquad$ treated.
17. She was upset because she felt that they had been very
A. badly
B. bad
C. worse
D. worst
E. bad tempered
18. She has been working for the $\qquad$ for more than ten years.
A. organize
B. organized
C. organization
D. organizer
E. organizing
19. She is suffering from a serious $\qquad$ .and it's going to take her a long time to recover.
A. ill
B. ill feeling
C. illness
D. ill health
E. ill tempered

Task4. Phrasal verb
Read the sentences then find the meaning of the words in bold with the appropriate phrasal verbs.
20. We have to postpone our holidays until next year.
A. put through
B. put on
C. put out
D. put off
E. put up
21. Why has my sister ended the relationship with her friend?
A. broken into
B. broken down
C. broken up
D. broken in
E. broken through
22. My computer has stopped working.
A. broken into
B. broken down
C. broken up
D. broken in
E. broken through

## Task 5.

Error recognition
Identify and choose the one underlined word or phrase that should be corrected.
23. There were a long time that I used to swim five laps every day, but now I do not have enough time.
A
B
C
E
24. The government $\frac{\text { has }}{A}$ decided voting on the resolution now rather $\frac{\text { than }}{\mathrm{D}} \frac{\text { next month. }}{\mathrm{E}}$
25. The Olympic Anthem is played at the opening and closing ceremony of the Olympic Game.
A
B
C D
E

## Visit to the Arctic Circle

I was the only person to get off the train at $4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. at Abisko in the Arctic Circle. The train disappeared into the night. I was alone, in the dark, with the temperature at minus $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, as cold as I'd expected it. At that point I thought about giving up this trip and wished I were on my way back home but the train had gone and I could see a hotel ahead.

The girl at reception gave me the key to a "cabin" as the rest of the hotel was closed. I went back outside. I could see by the light from the hotel and found the cabin easily. My hands were frozen as I turned the key in the lock and pushed the door which refused to move. I pushed it harder. I was thinking of breaking a window to prevent myself from freezing to death when I took my hand off the handle and the door opened gently towards me.

After recovering in the warmth of the cabin, which was actually very comfortable, I went outside again. I realized I wasn't completely alone as I saw car headlights on the road nearby. It was a clear evening full of red, green and blue light in the frozen air. It was so beautiful I wanted to write a poem about it but I had no paper. I could only spend ten minutes outside at a time so I went in and out of the cabin to watch the amazing Northern Lights. I only spent three days there. I was sorry l'd booked a ticket on the train to continue my journey so soon. 26. What is the writer trying to do?
A. Persuade other people to visit the Arctic Circle.
B. Describe his own experience in the Arctic Circle.
C. Give advice on travelling to the Arctic Circle.
D. Explain why he decided to go to the Arctic Circle.
E. Persuade other people not to visit the Arctic Circle.
27. When he got off the train, the writer felt
A. confused about what to do next.
B. surprised at how cold it was.
C. worried about finding a hotel.
D. sorry he was not still on it.
E. excited about being there.
28. What was the problem when the writer got to the cabin?
A. He pushed the door instead of pulling it.
B. The key didn't turn because of the frozen lock.
C. He couldn't see what he was doing.
D. He had to break a window to get in.
E. The door wasn't unlocked because of the wrong key.
29. How did the writer spend the evening?
A. He stayed inside the cabin and looked out at the stars.
B. He tried to write about what he could see.
C. He walked along the road towards a light.
D. He went outside for short periods of time.
E. He found a piece of paper and wrote a poem.
30. The word "cabin" is nearest meaning to
A. house boat
B. tent
C. ger
D. small house
E. hotel room

Choose the best answer to the questions below.
31. Woman: Somebody needs to change the cartridge in the copy machine.

Man: Don't look at me!

## What does the man mean?

A. The cartridge does not need to be replaced.
B. He does not copy.
C. He does not intend to change the cartridge.
D. He has already changed the cartridge.
E. He is uncomfortable because the woman watching him.
32. Woman: Were there a lot of students in the class?

Man: Before the class began, a dozen students were in the room, but soon the number doubled.
What does the man mean?
A. There were 24 students in the class after it had begun.
B. After the class had begun, some students entered the room.
C. There were three dozen students in the class after it had begun.
D. The dozen people in the room were doubling as students.
E. There were 12 students in the class.
33. Woman: I thought we were going to have a science test this afternoon. Man: It was postponed because the teacher had to attend a conference.

What does the man mean?
A. The teacher postponed the conference.
B. The teacher made decision.
C. There won't be a test this afternoon.
D. The students will be attending the conference.
E. The students took a science test that afternoon.

## Task 8. Long conversation

Read the conversations and choose the correct answer on the basis of what is stated or implied in the conversations.
Man: You don't look very happy. What seems to be the problem?
Woman: I've got to write a long composition for my English class, and I just can't come up with any ideas. It's due tomorrow.
Man: That shouldn't be too difficult. Remember those pictures you were showing me last week, the ones from your cruise last winter?
Woman: Sure, l've got them someplace.
Man: Why don't you write about your impressions of the pyramids in Egypt and the camel ride you took.
Woman: That sounds like a good idea. I can also tell about our visit to North America, the Holy Land, and all of the historical, biblical places we visited.
Man: Well, now that you're feeling better about this, I think I'll be on my way. I've got to finish my composition too.
Woman: Thanks for your help. Once I get organized, it won't be so difficult.
34. What was the woman's problem?
A. She was sick.
B. She couldn't think of a topic for her composition.
C. She couldn't make up her mind as to which countries she should visit.
D. She was totally disorganized.
E. She was disappointed.
35. What does the man suggest?
A. That she take a cruise.
B. That she write about her trip.
C. That she try to get organized.
D. That she ride a camel.
E . That she ride a bike.
36. Which of the following places did the woman NOT visit?
A. North Africa
B. Egypt
D. Hungary
E. The pyramids
C. The Holy Land

Read the text below then choose the answer A, B, C, D or E which best fits each space.
Travelling advice
These days more people travel abroad than ever before and many of us now have the chance to visit all sorts of exotic destinations. Of course, most people have a fantastic time and no major problems. (37) ........ , being in a strange place, a long way from home can be bad (38) ........ our health. There are some things that everyone should know about, so that wherever they are going, they will have a holiday that is memorable for all the right reasons.

If your destination is (39).
. the beaten track, you should talk to your doctor before you set (40) .... You may need some vaccinations or to take certain medications with you on your trip. The most common disease that travelers suffer from though, is food poisoning. In high risk areas, only drink water that (41) been boiled or sterilized. This includes not having ice in your drinks and using safe water to brush your teeth. When it comes to food, be especially careful with meat and seafood, avoid salads, and never eat any food that is undercooked or served lukewarm, rather than (42) $\qquad$ hot.
Accidents can happen anywhere, but people on holiday can be at higher risk, so don't leave your common (43) $\qquad$ at home. In cars always wear a seat belt, and on motorbikes never forget your helmet. If you are by the sea or the pool with young children, you need to take extra care. An adult, who is a strong swimmer, should be watching the kids (44) $\qquad$ all times. Another holiday danger is the sun. Build up your exposure slowly and stay indoors in the middle of the day, when the sun is at its strongest. When you are outside, wear a hat and always use sunscreen with the right protection factor for your skin.
37. A. However
B. Because
C. Whereas
D. Despite
E. But
38. A. by
B. to
C. for
D. of
E. in
39. A. away
B. off
C. along
D. up.
E. down
40. A. off
B. up
C. to
D. down
E. of
41. A. have
B. has
C. had
D. having
E. to have
42. A. frying
B. baking
C. piping
D. smoking
E. cooking
43. A. mind
B. reason
C. brain
D. sense
E. factor
44. A. through
B. during
C. for
D. while
E. at

## Part II.

### 2.1. Match each reaction with its situation.

## Reaction

a. Expressing sympathy
b. Refusing invitation
c. Showing hesitation
d. Describing symptom
e. Shopping complaints
f. Asking for permission
g. Giving advice

## Situation

1. They found the cushions were torn.
2. Another time perhaps.
3. Can I use your phone for a while?
4. I'm not sure about my decision.
5. You should go jogging in the morning.
6. Sounds to me like the flu.
7.     - My antique table is ruined.

- How sad!
2.2. Read the small paragraph and choose the best word for each space.

The fork, knife, and spoon are the most common eating utensils. These instruments all consists (a). $\qquad$ handle, which is basically the same. They differ from each other in their use and the shape that use has dictated. The knife has a sharp blade for cutting and is not (b). $\qquad$ used for transferring food from the plate to one's mouth. The fork has three to four prongs, (c) $\qquad$ are used to secure food that needs to be cut. It is used to take more solid kinds of foods to the mouth. The spoon has a bowl shape in order for its user to (d)........ liquid or semi-liquid food.
a. 1. for
2. on
3. over
4. of
b. 1. normal
2. normally
4. normality
5. normalize
c. 1. when
2. who
3. which
4. where
d. 1. consumer
2. consuming
3. consume
4. consumption
2.3. Analyze the graph and choose the appropriate answer.

The below is a graph of comparing percentage of Mathematics and English teachers total numbers in Ulaanbaatar, Darkhan and Erdenet cities from 2000 to 2010. (Figures shown in percent)

a. The percentage of Mathematics teachers in Ulaanbaatar has been $\qquad$ .since 2000.

1. increased by $17 \%$
2. dropped to $53 \%$
3. increased by $22 \%$
4. fluctuated between $53 \%$ and $65 \%$
b. The percentage of English teachers in Darkhan was $\qquad$ from 2000 to 2010.
5. fallen by $23 \%$
6. gone up 22 \%
7. increased by $45 \%$
8. increased 3 times
c. The percentage difference between Erdenet and Darkhan for the English teachers was $\qquad$ in 2010
9. $45 \% \mathrm{~s}$
10. $25 \%$
11. $10 \%$
12. $20 \%$
